UKMEC SUMMARY TABLE HORMONAL AND INTRAUTERINE CONTRACEPTION

Cu-IUD = Copper-bearing intrauterine device; LNG-IUS = Levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine system; IMP = Progestogen-only implant; DMPA = Progestogen-only injectable: depot medroxyprogesterone acetate; POP = Progestogen-only pill; CHC = Combined hormonal contraception

CONDITION	Cu-IUD LNG-IUS		IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС			
	I = Initiation, C = Continuation								
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS AND R	REPRODUCTIVE HISTORY								
Pregnancy	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Age	Menarche to <20=2, ≥20=1	Menarche to <20=2, ≥20=1	After menarche =1	Menarche to <18=2, 18-45=1, >45=2	After menarche =1	Menarche to <40=1, ≥40=2			
Parity									
a) Nulliparous	1	1	1	1	1	1			
b) Parous	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Breastfeeding									
a) 0 to <6 weeks postpartum			1	2	1	4			
b) ≥6 weeks to <6 months (primarily breastfeeding)	See b	elow	1	1	1	2			
c) ≥6 months postpartum			1	1	1	1			
Postpartum (in non-breastfeeding women)									
a) 0 to <3 weeks									
(i) With other risk factors for VTE	See b	alow	1	2	1	4			
(ii) Without other risk factors	See D	eiow	1	2	1	3			
b) 3 to <6 weeks									
(i) With other risk factors for VTE			1	2	1	3			
(ii) Without other risk factors	See b	elow	1	1	1	2			
c) ≥6 weeks			1	1	1	1			

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CONDITION	I = Initiation, C = Continuation							

Postpartum (in breastfeeding or non- breastfeeding women, including post- caesarean section)						
a) 0 to <48 hours	1	1				
b) 48 hours to <4 weeks	3	3		See a	hovo	
c) ≥4 weeks	1	1		See a	DOVE	
d) Postpartum sepsis	4	4				
Post-abortion						
a) First trimester	1	1	1	1	1	1
b) Second trimester	2	2	1	1	1	1
c) Post-abortion sepsis	4	4	1	1	1	1
Past ectopic pregnancy	1	1	1	1	1	1
History of pelvic surgery	1	1	1	1	1	1
Smoking				1		
a) Age <35 years	1	1	1	1	1	2
b) Age ≥35 years						
(i) <15 cigarettes/day	1	1	1	1	1	3
(ii) ≥15 cigarettes/day	1	1	1	1	1	4
(iii) Stopped smoking <1 year	1	1	1	1	1	3
(iv) Stopped smoking ≥1 year	1	1	1	1	1	2
Obesity						
a) BMI ≥30–34 kg/m²	1	1	1	1	1	2
b) BMI ≥35 kg/m²	1	1	1	1	1	3

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CONDITION		IUD	LNG	-IUS	IM	Р	DMPA	P	OP	СНС
CONDITION			I = Initiation, C = Continuation							
History of bariatric surgery										
			1							
a) With BMI <30 kg/m ²		1		1	1		1		1	1
b) With BMI ≥30–34 kg/m²		1		1	1		1		1	2
c) With BMI ≥35 kg/m²		1		1	1		1		1	3
Organ transplant							ı			·
a) Complicated: graft failure (acute or chronic), rejection, cardiac allograft	1	С	1	С	2)	2		2	3
vasculopathy	3	2	3	2		-	2	,		3
b) Uncomplicated	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE (CVD)										
Multiple risk factors for CVD (such as smoking, diabetes, hypertension, obesity and dyslipidaemias)	1		2		2		3	2		3
Hypertension										
a) Adequately controlled hypertension		1	1	1			2		1	3
b) Consistently elevated BP levels (properly taken measurements)										
(i) Systolic >140–159 mmHg or diastolic >90–99 mmHg		1	,	1	1		1		1	3
(ii) Systolic ≥160 mmHg or diastolic ≥100 mmHg		1		1	1		1 2		1	4
c) Vascular disease	1		2	2	2)	3		2	4
History of high BP during pregnancy	1		,	1	1		1		1	2
Current and history of ischaemic heart disease		1	I	С	I	С	3	I	С	4
discuse			2	3	2	3		2	3	
Stroke (history of cerebrovascular		1	-1	С	I	С	3	1	С	4
accident, including TIA)			2	3	2	3		2	3	'
Known dyslipidaemias		1	2	2	2	2	2		2	2

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CONDITION	Cu-IUD	LNG-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	CHC	
CONDITION		l = Ini	itiation, C	= Continua	tion		

Venous thromboembolism (VTE)						
a) History of VTE	1	2	2	2	2	4
b) Current VTE (on anticoagulants)	1	2	2	2	2	4
c) Family history of VTE						
(i) First-degree relative age <45 years	1	1	1	1	1	3
(ii) First-degree relative age ≥45 years	1	1	1	1	1	2
d) Major surgery						
(i) With prolonged immobilisation	1	2	2	2	2	4
(ii) Without prolonged immobilisation	1	1	1	1	1	2
e) Minor surgery without immobilisation	1	1	1	1	1	1
f) Immobility (unrelated to surgery) (e.g. wheelchair use, debilitating illness)	1	1	1	1	1	3
Superficial venous thrombosis						
a) Varicose veins	1	1	1	1	1	1
b) Superficial venous thrombosis	1	1	1	1	1	2
Known thrombogenic mutations (e.g. factor V Leiden, prothrombin mutation, protein S, protein C and antithrombin deficiencies)	1	2	2	2	2	4

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CONDITION	Cu-	IUD	LNG	-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	CH	IC
CONDITION		I = Initiation, C = Continuat				tion			
Valvular and congenital heart disease									
a) Uncomplicated	,	1	,	<u> </u>	1	1	1	2	2
b) Complicated (e.g. pulmonary hypertension, history of subacute bacterial endocarditis)	2	2		2 1		1	1	4	
Cardiomyopathy									
a) Normal cardiac function		1			1	1	1	2	
b) Impaired cardiac function	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	
Cardiac arrhythmias									
a) Atrial fibrillation		1	2	2	2	2	2	4	4
b) Known long QT syndrome	- 1	С	1	С	1	2	1	2	
	3	1	3	1		2	1		
NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS									
Headaches									
a) Non-migrainous (mild or severe)		1	,	ı	1	1	1	-1	С
				l	I	'	1	1	2
b) Migraine without aura, at any age		1		2	2	2	I C	I	С
				<u>-</u>			1 2	2	3
c) Migraine with aura, at any age		1	2	2	2	2	2	4	4
d) History (≥5 years ago) of migraine with aura, any age	,	1		2	2	2	2	;	3

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CONDITION	Cu-	IUD	LNG	IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	CHC
CONDITION				l = Ini	tiation, C	= Continua	tion	
							1	
Idiopathic intracranial hypertension (IIH)		1	1		1	1	1	2
Epilepsy		1	1		1	1	1	1
Taking anti-epileptic drugs	Certain anti-epileptic drugs have the potential to affect the bioavailability of steroid hormones in hormonal contraception. For up-to-date information on the potential drug interactions between hormonal contraception and anti-epileptic drugs, please refer to the online drug interaction checker available on the available on Stockley's Interaction Checker website (https://www.medicinescomplete.com/mc/alerts/current/drug-interactions.htm).							
DEPRESSIVE DISORDERS								
Depressive disorders		1	1		1	1	1	1
BREAST AND REPRODUCTIVE TRACT	COND	ITION	S					
Vaginal bleeding patterns								
a) Irregular pattern without heavy bleeding		1	1		2	2	2	1
b) Heavy or prolonged bleeding (includes	2		I	С	2	2	2	1
regular and irregular patterns)			1	2	2		2	'
Unexplained vaginal bleeding (suspicious	ı	С	I	С	3	3	2	2
for serious condition) before evaluation	4	2	4	2				_
Endometriosis	2	2	1		1	1	1	1
Benign ovarian tumours (including cysts)		1	1		1	1	1	1
Severe dysmenorrhoea	2	2	1		1	1	1	1
Gestational trophoblastic disease (GTD)								
a) Undetectable hCG levels		1	1		1	1	1	1
b) Decreasing hCG levels	;	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
c) Persistently elevated hCG levels or malignant disease	4	4	2	ļ	1	1	1	1

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CONDITION		Cu-IUD		-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС		
CONDITION		I = Initiation, C = Continuation								
Cervical ectropion		1	,		1	1	1	1		
Cervical intraepithelial neoplasia (CIN)		 1	2		1	2	1	2		
Cervical cancer		-				_		_		
a) Awaiting treatment	ı	С	1	С						
	4	2	4	2	2	2	1	2		
b) Radical trachelectomy	;	3	3		2	2	1	2		
Breast conditions										
a) Undiagnosed mass/breast symptoms	1		2		2	2	2	1 C		
b) Benign breast conditions		1	,	l	1	1	1	1		
c) Family history of breast cancer		1			1	1	1	1		
d) Carriers of known gene mutations associated with breast cancer (e.g. BRCA1/BRCA2)	1		1		2	2	2	2	2	3
e) Breast cancer								,		
(i) Current breast cancer		1	4	1	4	4	4	4		
(ii) Past breast cancer		1	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Endometrial cancer	1 4	C 2	4	c 2	1	1	1	1		
Ovarian cancer		1	,	l	1	1	1	1		

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CONDITION	Cu	-IUD	LNG	-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС
CONDITION				I = In	itiation, (C = Continua	ntion	
Uterine fibroids								
a) Without distortion of the uterine cavity		1		1	1	1	1	1
b) With distortion of the uterine cavity	;	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
Anatomical abnormalities								
a) Distorted uterine cavity	;	3	3	3				
b) Other abnormalities	2	2	2	2				
Pelvic inflammatory disease (PID)								
a) Past PID (assuming no current risk factor for STIs)	,	1	1		1	1	1	1
b) Current PID	ı	С	1	С	4	4	4	4
	4	2	4	2	1	1	1	1
Sexually transmitted infections (STIs)								
a) Chlamydial infection (current)	ı	С	ı	С				
(i) Symptomatic	4	2	4	2	1	1	1	1
(ii) Asymptomatic	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1
b) Purulent cervicitis or gonorrhoea (current)	4	2	4	2	1	1	1	1
c) Other current STIs (excluding HIV & hepatitis)	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
d) Vaginitis (including Trichomonas vaginalis and bacterial vaginosis) (current)	2	2 2		2	1	1	1	1
e) Increased risk for STIs	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1

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CONDITION	Cu-	·IUD	LNG	-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС	
CONDITION		I = Initiation, C = Continuation							
HIV INFECTION									
HIV infection									
a) High risk of HIV infection		1	1		1	1	1	1	
b) HIV infected									
(i) CD4 count ≥200 cells/mm³	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	
(ii) CD4 count <200 cells/mm³	- 1	С	- 1	С	1	1	1	1	
	3	2	3	2	'	'	'	'	
	steroid hormones in hormonal contraception. For up-to-date information on the potential drug interactions between hormonal contraception and ARV drugs, please refer to the online HIV drugs interaction checker (www.hiv-druginteractions.org/Interactions.aspx).								
OTHER INFECTIONS									
Tuberculosis									
a) Non-pelvic		1	1		1	1	1	1	
b) Pelvic	4	c	4	3	1	1	1	1	
ENDOCRINE CONDITIONS									
Diabetes									
a) History of gestational disease		1	1		1	1	1	1	
a) History of gestational disease b) Non-vascular disease		1	1		1	1	1	1	
, , ,		1	2		1 2	1 2	2	1 2	
b) Non-vascular disease				2	<u> </u>	· ·			
b) Non-vascular disease (i) Non-insulin dependent		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	

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	Cu-IUD	LNG-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС			
CONDITION	I = Initiation, C = Continuation								
Thyroid disorders									
a) Simple goitre	1	1	1	1	1	1			
b) Hyperthyroid	1	1	1	1	1	1			
c) Hypothyroid	1	1	1	1	1	1			
GASTROINTESTINAL CONDITIONS									
Gallbladder disease									
a) Symptomatic									
(i) Treated by cholecystectomy	1	2	2	2	2	2			
(ii) Medically treated	1	2	2	2	2	3			
(iii) Current	1	2	2	2	2	3			
b) Asymptomatic	1	2	2	2	2	2			
History of cholestasis									
a) Pregnancy related	1	1	1	1	1	2			
b) Past COC related	1	2	2	2	2	3			
Viral hepatitis									
a) Acute or flare		4	4	4	4	I C			
	1	1	1	1	1	3 2			
b) Carrier	1	1	1	1	1	1			
c) Chronic	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Cirrhosis									
a) Mild (compensated without complications)	1	1	1	1	1	1			
b) Severe (decompensated)	1	3	3	3	3	4			

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COURTION	Cu-IUD	LNG-IUS	IMP	DMPA	POP	СНС		
CONDITION	I = Initiation, C = Continuation							
Liver tumours								
a) Benign								
(i) Focal nodular hyperplasia	1	2	2	2	2	2		
(ii) Hepatocellular adenoma	1	3	3	3	3	4		
b) Malignant (hepatocellular carcinoma)	1	3	3	3	3	4		
Inflammatory bowel disease (including Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis)	1	1	1	1	2	2		
ANAEMIAS								
Thalassaemia	2	1	1	1	1	1		
Sickle cell disease	2	1	1	1	1	2		
Iron deficiency anaemia	2	1	1	1	1	1		
RHEUMATIC DISEASES								
Rheumatoid arthritis	1	2	2	2	2	2		
Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)								
a) No antiphospholipid antibodies	1	2	2	2	2	2		
b) Positive antiphospholipid antibodies	1	2	2	2	2	4		
Positive antiphospholipid antibodies	1	2	2	2	2	4		
DRUG INTERACTIONS								
Taking medication	See sect	ion on drug i	nteraction	s with horm	onal contrac	eption.		

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